FINANCIAL REPORT

APRIL 30, 2000

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable President and Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Worth, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Village of Worth, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2000. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The general purpose financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets which should be included in order to conform with generally accepted accounting principles. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Village does not maintain historical cost basis records of its general fixed assets and, therefore, the effect on the financial statements caused by the omission is not known.

The Village does not disclose the actuarial information as required by generally accepted accounting principles for the Police and Firefighter Pension Funds. The actuarial information that the Village discloses is provided by the State of Illinois Department of Insurance and does not comply with generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine adequate records regarding the carrying values of the general fixed assets and the actuarial disclosures required for the Police Pension Fund, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Worth, Illinois, as of April 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its enterprise funds for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Village of Worth, Illinois. Such information, except for the information required by the revenue bond ordinance on pages 55 and 56 which is marked unaudited and on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

Mokena, Illinois October 27, 2000

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND THE GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP April 30, 2000

		Governmental Fund Types						Fiduciary Fund Type	Account Group								
ASSETS		General	Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Enterprise		Enterprise		Enterprise			Pension Trusts	Gener Long-to Deb	erm	(Mo	Total emorandum Only)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	965,882	\$	867,455	\$ -	\$	755,684	\$	548,994	\$	-	\$	3,138,015				
Investments		542,052			-		-		9,328,099		-		9,870,151				
Receivables:																	
Property taxes		787,532		77,875	-		-		-		-		865,407				
Accrued interest		-		-	-		-		356,621		-		356,621				
Accounts		-		-	-		258,920		-		- '		258,920				
Other		31,970		-	-		-		-		-		31,970				
Due from other govern-																	
mental agencies		283,666		22,805	-		-		-		-		306,471				
Due from other funds		189,539		19,222	-		110,006		132,278		~		451,045				
Inventory		33,603		-	-		-		-		-		33,603				
Prepaid expenses		13,722		-	-		-		-		-		13,722				
Deferred bond issuance costs		-		-	-		76,751		-		-		76,751				
Property and equipment, net of accumulated																	
depreciation		-		_	-		4,337,419		_		-		4,337,419				
Amount to be provided							, ,										
for retirement of																	
general long-term debt	_	-		-	 -		-		-	9,306	,488		9,306,488				
Total assets	\$	2,847,966	\$	987,357	\$ -	\$	5,538,780	\$	10,365,992	\$ 9,306	5,488	\$	29,046,583				

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Year En	ded .	April	30,	2000
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				Special		Debt		Comital	/ > (Total
		General		Revenue		Service		Capital Projects	(IVI	emorandum Only)
Revenues:		General		Revenue		SCIVICC		Frojects		Only)
Property taxes	\$	1,669,431	\$	166,493	\$	32,866	\$	~	\$	1,868,790
Sales taxes	•	767,753	•	200,175	•	52,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	767,753
Intergovernmental		1,427,982		307,687		_		200,000		1,935,669
Licenses, permits and fees		420,559		-		_		200,000		420,559
Fines and forfeits		114,121		_		_				114,121
Charges for service		2,669,901		_		_		_		2,669,901
Interest		21,997		38,339		33,659		336		94,331
Other		169,808		1,190		33,039		. 550		
Total revenues		7,261,552		513,709	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	66,525		200,336		170,998 8,042,122
Expenditures:								-		
Current:										
General government		608,123		-		_		_		608,123
Building department		137,723		_		_				137,723
Health department		5,005		_		_		-		5,005
Fire department		172,704		_				-		172,704
Ambulance and paramedic department		581,077		_				-		
Police department		1,784,990		_				=		581,077
Street and bridge		334,205		_		-		-		1,784,990
Crossing guard		41,856		_		-		-		334,205
Golf course operations		1,947,982		~		-		-		41,856
Insurance		319,742		-		-		-		1,947,982
Motor fuel tax projects		319,742		159,646		-		-		319,742
Garbage		-		4,500		-		-		159,646
Retirement benefits		-		166,610		-		_		4,500
Senior citizens projects		-				-		_		166,610
Debt service:		-		3,101		-		-		3,101
Principal		115,252				212.000		200.000		527.252
Interest and fees		45,018		-		212,000		200,000		527,252
Capital outlay		45,018		-		436,105		11,478		492,601
Total expenditures		6.002.677		222 057		649 105		316,391		316,391
Total expenditures		6,093,677		333,857		648,105		527,869		7,603,508
Excess revenues or (expenditures)		1,167,875		179,852		(581,580)		(327,533)		438,614
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from installment note		58,170		_		_		375,000		433,170
Proceeds from bond issuance		00,170						373,000		455,170
(including premiums of \$160,906)		_		_		6,196,649		709,257		6,905,906
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		_		(6,045,326)		709,237		
Operating transfers in		287,858		-	1	259,948		335,960		(6,045,326)
Operating transfers (out)		(595,908)		-						883,766
operating transfers (out)		(393,908)		-		(221,279)		(66,579)		(883,766)
Excess revenues and financing sources or										
(expenditures and other financing uses)		917,995		179,852		(391,588)		1,026,105		1,732,364
Franchistance (deficies)										
Fund balances (deficits): Beginning		280 212		650 152		201 500		(1.150.00%)		171 175
~-5		289,312		650,152		391,588		(1,159,887)		171,165
Ending	\$	1,207,307	\$	830,004	\$	-	\$	(133,782)	\$	1,903,529

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES Year Ended April 30, 2000

	Ge		Special Revenue				
,	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,341,661	\$	1,669,431	\$	175,090	\$	166,493
Sales taxes	720,000		767,753		-		, <u>-</u>
Intergovernmental	1,052,953		1,427,982		287,328		307,687
Licenses, permits and fees	379,000		420,559		-		´ -
Fines and forfeits	114,000		114,121		-		_
Charges for services	2,036,766		2,669,901		•		-
Interest	50,000		21,997		25,000		38,339
Other	508,000		169,808		2,000		1,190
Total revenues	6,202,380		7,261,552		489,418		513,709
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	571,400		608,123		_		
Building department	117,257		137,723		_		_
Health department	5,500		5,005		_		_
Fire department	613,844		172,704		_		_
Ambulance and paramedic department	516,235		581,077		_		_
Police department	1,663,178		1,784,990		_		_
Street and bridge	450,688		334,205		-		_
Crossing guard	45,536		41,856		_		_
Golf course	1,395,474		1,947,982		-		_
Insurance	532,500		319,742		_		_
Motor fuel tax projects	-		219,7		266,520		159,646
Garbage	_		_		15,000		4,500
Retirement benefits	_		_		179,911		166,610
Senior citizens	_		_		3,200		3,101
Debt service:					5,200		3,101
Principal	20,000		115,252		_		
Interest and fees	20,000		45,018				-
Total expenditures	 5,931,612		6,093,677	-	464,631		333,857
· ·			0,075,077		704,051		333,037
Excess revenues or (expenditures)	270,768		1,167,875		24,787		179,852
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from installment note	_		58,170		_		_
Operating transfers in	_		287,858				
Operating transfers (out)	-		(595,908)		_		
	 		(373,700)				
Excess revenues and financing sources or							
(expenditures and other financing uses)	270,768		917,995		24,787		179,852
Fund balances:							
Beginning	 289,312		289,312		650,152		650,152
Ending	\$ 560,080	\$	1,207,307	\$	674,939	\$	830,004

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS Year Ended April 30, 2000

Operating revenues:	
Water and sewer charges	\$ 1,461,248
Commuter parking fees	72,836
Other fees and charges	2,176
Total operating revenues	1,536,260
Operating expenses:	
Waterworks and sewerage	
Commuter parking lot	1,117,880
Depreciation	82,873
-	201,581
Total operating expenses	1,402,334
Operating income	133,926
Nonoperating income (expense):	
Interest income	40.00
Interest expense	19,071
Bond issuance costs	(96,041)
	(10,752)
Net income	46,204
Retained earnings:	
Beginning	1010
- - .	1,018,277
Ending	\$ 1,064,481

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS Year Ended April 30, 2000

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$	133,926
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		,
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		201,581
Change in assets and liabilities:		,
Decrease in receivables		22,177
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(24,434)
Increase in accrued payroll		3,600
(Decrease) in accrued interest		(2,362)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	*****	334,488
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
(Increase) in amounts due from other funds		(100,746)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of equipment		(52,202)
Payment of revenue bonds		(195,000)
Interest and fees paid		(96,041)
Net cash (used in) capital and		
related financing activities		(343,243)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest received		19,071
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(90,430)
Cash and cash equivalents, May 1, 1999		846,114
Cash and cash equivalents, April 30, 2000	\$	755,684

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Year Ended April 30, 2000

Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 201,960
Plan members	98,967
Total contributions	300,927
Investment income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	21 021
Interest	21,031
Net investment income	618,930
Net investment income	639,961
Total additions	940,888
Deductions	
Benefits	397,378
Administrative expenses	34,924
Total deductions	432,302
•	102,002
Net increase	508,586
Net assets held in trust for employees pension benefits:	
Beginning	9,857,406
Ending	\$ 10,365,992

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Nature of Activities</u>: The Village of Worth, Illinois provides various municipal services to its residents. These services include police protection, fire protection, paramedic services, water and sewer systems, public works operations, road and bridge maintenance and general administration.

<u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>: Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on this criteria, there are no potential component units whose financial data should be combined with and included in the general purpose financial statements of the Village, nor is the Village considered to be a potential component unit of any other governmental unit.

<u>Description of Funds and Account Groups</u>: The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds and account groups are combined and summarized in these financial statements as follows:

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental funds are funds through which most of the Village's governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Village's expendable financial resources, except those accounted for in the proprietary funds, are accounted for in the governmental funds. The measurement focus is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the Village's governmental funds.

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the Village and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the revenues derived from specific sources. These resources are utilized to finance expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs of general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds - are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Proprietary Fund Types</u>: Proprietary funds account for the Village's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The enterprise funds are the proprietary fund types of the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Enterprise Funds - are used to account for the financing and operations of self-supporting activities of the Village which render services of a commercial nature on a user-charge basis to the general public.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity. The following are the Village's fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Funds - are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical.

Account Group: The account group is not a fund but is to be used to establish accounting control and accountability for the Village's outstanding general long-term debt which is to be financed through the governmental funds. The account group is as follows:

General Long-term Debt Account Group - is used to establish accounting control over the long-term debt of the Village which is expected to be financed from operations of the governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting: All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenue items not considered available are recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue at the time they become available.

Property taxes that have been levied and are due and collected within the fiscal year or collected within sixty days after year end are considered available and are therefore recognized as revenue. Sales taxes, income taxes and motor fuel taxes are considered to be measurable when they have been collected by the intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Fines and fees, licenses and permits and miscellaneous revenues are recognized as revenue when received in cash as they are generally not objectively measurable until that time.

Expenditures are recognized when the liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accrual Basis of Accounting: The enterprise and pension trust funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred. Unbilled service receivables are accrued and reported at year end.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are stated at fair value except for insurance contracts which are carried at contract value which approximates fair value.

<u>Property and Equipment</u>: Property and equipment used in governmental fund operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for as expenditures of the governmental funds when purchased. The Village does not maintain adequate historical cost records of these assets and, therefore, the acquisition cost of those assets is not capitalized in a general fixed assets account group as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Property and equipment associated with the enterprise funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. All purchased or constructed property and equipment are valued at cost, while those assets which have been donated are valued at their estimated fair value as of the date received as a donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible property and equipment is reported in the enterprise funds. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	40 Years
Improvements	20 Years
Equipment	3-15 Years

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Village employees accumulate vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. Sick time for employees accumulates at a rate of eight hours per month, contingent on the employee working at least one hundred hours per month. These hours may accumulate up to a maximum of 400 hours; however, these hours do not vest.

The governmental funds record vacation pay as an expenditure in the year it is earned to the extent it is paid or is expected to be paid with available financial resources, otherwise the liability is accounted for in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Proprietary Activity Accounting and Financial Reporting</u>: In accounting for and reporting its proprietary activities, the Village has elected to apply all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Financial Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The Village annually establishes a legal right to the property tax assessments upon the enactment of a tax levy ordinance by the Village Board. These tax assessments are levied in December and attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. Tax bills are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1 and July 1 of the following year, and are payable in two installments which become due on or about March 1 and August 1. The County collects such taxes and periodically remits them to the Village. A provision has been made to reduce the property taxes receivable to the estimated amount to be collected based on historical collection experience.

<u>Total Columns</u>: Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 2. Budgets

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The Village Treasurer submits to the Village Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b) Public hearings are conducted by the Village to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service and capital projects funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- e) Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- f) Budgetary authority lapses at the year-end.
- g) State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriation/budget." As under the Budget Act, transfers between line items and departments may be made by administrative action. Amounts to be transferred between funds would require Village Board approval. The level of legal control is generally considered to be the fund budget in total.
- h) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, with the exceptions of Board approved transfers which were not material in relation to the budget taken as a whole.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Budgets (continued)

Actual expenditures of \$6,093,677 exceeded budgeted expenditures of \$5,931,612 in the General Fund for the year ended April 30, 2000 by \$162,065.

Note 3. Cash and Investments

The Village is authorized to make deposits in commercial banks and savings and loan institutions, and make investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and their political subdivisions, savings accounts, credit union shares, repurchase agreements under certain statutory restrictions, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds. Pension funds may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, mortgages, veteran's loans, and life insurance company contracts.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for.

<u>Deposits</u>: As of April 30, 2000, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$1,128,913 with bank balances of \$1,324,272. Of the bank balances, \$795,920 was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the Village or its agent in the Village's name and \$528,352 was uncollateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: The Village's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Village as of April 30, 2000. Category 1 includes securities that are insured or registered or the securities are held by the Village or its agent in the Village's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered securities which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Village's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered securities which are held by the counterparty or its trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

		Carr					
	Category						
		1	2		3		Total
U.S. government securities State and local	\$	5,131,016 \$	-	\$	-	<u>.</u> ,	\$ 5,131,016
governmental obligations		154,895	_		-	-	154,895
	<u>\$</u>	5,285,911 \$	_	\$			5,285,911
Investments not subject to categorization: Insurance contracts							
							1,657,619
Illinois Funds							2,217,518
Mutual funds						_	2,718,205
						<u> </u>	§ 11,879,253
The above deposits of \$1,128,913 and investre the financial statements as follows:	ner	nts of \$11,879,2	253 total	ing \$	13,008,1	.66	are reported in
Cash and cash equivalents						\$	3,138,015
Investments						_	9,870,151
Total						<u>\$</u>	13,008,166

Note 4. Property and Equipment

The composition of the property and equipment of the enterprise funds as of April 30, 2000 is as follows:

	Commuter Parking Lot			Vaterworks ad Sewerage	Total
Land	\$	-	\$	47,824 \$	47,824
Commuter parking lot		762,716		-	762,716
Waterworks and sewerage system		-		7,209,093	7,209,093
Equipment		120,767		222,051	342,818
		883,483		7,478,968	8,362,451
Less accumulated depreciation		286,002		3,739,030	4,025,032
	\$	597,481	\$	3,739,938 \$	4,337,419

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the Village for the year ended April 30, 2000:

	General			Alternate								
	Obligation		Iı	istallment	Revenue	Compensated			Revenue		Insurance	
	Bonds			Notes	Bonds		Absences		Bonds		Claims	Total
Balance,												
May 1, 1999	\$ 6	682,000	\$	425,149 \$	7,100,000	\$	9,478	\$	1,890,000	\$	_	\$ 10,106,627
Changes in												, ,
compensated												
absences		-		-	-		2,943		-		-	2,943
Changes in												
insurance clain	ns	-		-	-		-		-		36,000	36,000
Debt incurred	5	60,000		433,170	6,185,000		-		-		-	7,178,170
Debt retired	1	92,000		280,252	55,000		-		195,000		-	722,252
Debt defeased				-	5,600,000				-		-	5,600,000
Datama												
Balance,	.		•	530 06 3 #	7 (20 000	•		_		_		
April 30, 2000	\$ 1,0	150,000	\$	578,067 \$	7,630,000	<u>\$</u>	12,421	\$	1,695,000	\$	36,000	\$ 11,001,488

Details of the long-term debt as of April 30, 2000 are as follows:

General Obligation Bond:

General Obligation Working Cash Bonds, Series 1994 dated January 16, 1995 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$35,000 in 2001, \$40,000 in 2002 and 2003, \$45,000 in 2004 and 2005, \$50,000 in 2006, \$55,000 in 2007 and 2008, \$60,000 in 2009 and \$65,000 in 2010. Interest at rates between 4.30% and 7.00% due on June 1 and December 1.

\$ 490,000

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 1999B dated May 1, 1999 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$80,000 in 2011, \$85,000 in 2012, \$95,000 in 2013, and \$100,000 in 2014, 2015 and 2016 and interest at a rate of 9% due on January 1 and June 1.

560,000

1,050,000

Installment Notes:

Installment note dated April 29, 1999 for the purchase of various golf equipment is due in annual payments of \$54,596 including principal and interest at a rate of approximately 5.0% on October 19 of each year through 2003.

\$ 194,909

Installment note dated April 29, 1999 for the purchase of various equipment is due in semiannual payments of \$11,198 including principal and interest at a rate of approximately 5.5% on May 16 and November 16 of each year through 2004.

97,622

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Note 5. Long-Term Debt (continued)	
Installment note dated March 12, 1999 for the purchase of an ambulance is due in annual payments of \$14,455 including principal and interest at a rate of approximately 5.5% on July 15 of each year through 2003.	\$ 52,366
Installment note dated March 3, 2000 for the purchase of a mower is due in semi annual payments of \$6,880 including principal and interest at a rate of approximately 6.3% on September 3 and March 3 of each year through 2005.	58,170
Installment note dated May 13, 1999 for the purchase of boat ramp improvements is due in 2001 with a principal payment of \$175,000 and interest at a rate of 4.5%.	 175,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds:	\$ 578,067
General Obligation Bond (Golf Course Alternate Revenue Source), Series 1996 dated October 1, 1996 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$100,000 in 2003, \$200,000 in 2004, \$200,000 in 2005, \$285,000 in 2006, \$325,000 in 2007, \$390,000 in 2008, \$460,000 in 2009, \$520,000 in 2010, \$580,000 in 2011, \$650,000 in 2012, \$725,000 in 2013, \$800,000 in 2014, \$890,000 in 2015 and \$975,000 in 2016. Interest is at rates between 5.40% and 9.00%. The Village has pledged revenues from the Golf Course Fund operations to fund the repayment of the alternate revenue bonds.	\$ 1,500,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source) Series 1999A dated May 1, 1999 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$30,000 in 2001, \$35,000 in 2002, 2003, and 2004, \$40,000 in 2005, 2006 and 2007, \$45,000 in 2008, \$505,000 in 2009, \$560,000 in 2010, \$620,000 in 2011, \$685,000 in 2012, \$755, 000 in 2013, \$820,000 in 2014, \$905,000 in 2015, and \$980,000 in 2016. Interest at rates between 3.6% and 4.8% due on January 1 and June 1.	6 120 000
octween 3.0% and 4.0% due on January 1 and June 1.	 6,130,000
Revenue Bonds:	\$ 7,630,000
1994 Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds dated November 1, 1994 with bonds due in principal maturities of \$5,000 beginning in 2003 through 2006, \$50,000 in 2007 and \$185,000 in 2008. Interest at 6.35% is due on May 1 and September 1. The Village has pledged revenues from the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund operations for the repayment of these revenue bonds.	\$ 255,000
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A dated April 28, 1998 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$105,000 in 2001, none in 2002, \$220,000 in 2003, \$120,000 in 2004, and \$110,000 in 2005. Interest is at rates between 3.9% and 4.35%. The Village has pledged revenues from the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	
operations for the repayment of these revenue bonds.	555,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998B dated April 28, 1998 with bonds due in annual principal maturities of \$110,000 in 2001, \$115,000 in 2002, \$120,000 in 2003, \$120,000 in 2004, \$145,000 in 2005, \$155,000 in 2006, and \$120,000 in 2007. Interest is at rates between 5.75% and 6.30%. The Village has pledged revenues from the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund operations for the repayment of these revenue bonds.

885,000 \$ 1,695,000

The revenue bond ordinances require that certain monies held in the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund be segregated and restricted in reserve accounts in the priority indicated by the order of the following:

Reserve Account	Amount	Nature of Authorized Expenditures			
a) Bond and interest	Sufficient amount to pay the current bond and interest maturities	Payment of principal and interest on bonds			
b) Bond reserve	Sufficient amount to pay the maximum annual debt service	Payment of principal and interest on bonds			
c) Depreciation	\$1,500/month until funded to the extent of 3% of the net value of the system	Payment of the cost of extraordinary maintenance, necessary repairs and replacements or contingencies of the system or the payment of principal or interest of bonds in order to prevent a default on said bonds			

As of April 30, 2000, the Village has accumulated \$415,528 in these restricted reserve accounts.

The future annual debt service requirements on the outstanding debt, other than compensated absences and insurance claims of \$12,421 and \$36,000, respectively and including interest of \$5,698,104, are as follows:

	Ob	General pligation ads/Notes	Iı	nstallment Notes	Alternate Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds		Total
2001	\$	117,312	\$	283,488	\$ 444,968	\$ 303,330	\$	1,149,098
2002		120,212		105,207	448,843	302,252	•	976,514
2003		117,812		105,207	547,495	300,450		1,070,964
2004 - 2008		596,800		141,363	3,388,248	1,162,987		5,289,398
2009 - 2013		628,250		-	4,214,531	-		4,842,781
2014 and thereafter		354,000		-	 2,968,416	 _		3,322,416
	\$ 1,	,934,386	\$	635,265	\$ 12,012,501	\$ 2,069,019	\$	16,651,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Legal Debt Margin: The Village, as a non-home rule municipality, is subject to the statutory debt limit of 8.625% of equalized assessed valuation as set forth in the following schedule.

1999 Assessed valuation	* \$	114,947,106
Statutory debt limitation		
(8.625% of assessed valuation)	\$	9,914,187
Less amount of debt applicable to debt limitation,		
General obligation debt		1,628,067
Legal debt margin	\$	8,286,120
* Estimated		

In May 1999, the Village issued \$6,185,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source) Series 1999A, and \$560,000 in General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 1999B, with an average interest rate of 4.3% and 9.0%, respectively. The Series 1999A bonds were issued for the purpose of advance refunding \$5,600,000 of the prior 1996 bonds, and the Series 1999B bonds were issued for the purpose of paying off the prior 1991 bonds and for financing golf course improvements.

The total net proceeds from the Series 1999A and 1999B bonds of \$6,905,906 (after \$160,906 in premiums) were used to purchase \$6,045,326 in state and local government securities, make principal and interest payments on the 1991 bonds of \$161,616 and provide new money of \$614,565 (after payment of issuance costs of \$84,399) for golf course improvements. The securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the partially refunded prior 1996 bonds. A a result, the prior 1996 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those defeased bonds has been removed from the financial statements of the Village.

The advance refunding transaction resulted in decreasing the debt service requirements by \$109,403 at an economic gain of \$100,039 for the year ended April 30, 2000.

Note 6. Other Individual Fund Disclosures

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2000 were as follows:

	I	Due From	Due To	
General:				
Motor Fuel Tax	\$	6,002 \$	_	
Garbage		31,094	_	
IMRF		17,038	_	
Senior Citizens		2,229	-	
Golf Course, capital projects		133,176	_	
Commuter Parking Lot		-	110,006	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Other Individual Fund Disclosures (continued)		5 5	.
		Due From	Due To
Police Pension	\$	- \$	62 279
Firefighters' Pension	Ф	- Φ	62,278 70,000
Therighters Tension		189,539	242,284
		100,000	212,204
Motor Fuel Tax:			
General		· <u>-</u>	6,002
Water and Sewer		25	
		25	6,002
Garbage:			
General IMRF		15.044	31,094
Senior Citizens		15,944	-
Semoi Citizens		3,253 19,197	31,094
		19,197	31,094
IMRF:			
General		_	17,038
Garbage		_	15,944
		-	32,982
Senior Citizens:			
General		-	2,229
Garbage		*	3,253
		-	5,482
Conital Durington Colf Communication			
Capital Projects - Golf Course: General			122 176
General		-	133,176
Commuter Parking Lot:			
General		110,006	
General		110,000	
Waterworks and Sewer:			
Motor Fuel Tax		_	25
	-		
Police Pension:			
General		62,278	-
Firefighters' Pension:			
General		70,000	-
	æ	451 045 5	4.574
	<u>\$</u>	451,045 \$	451,045